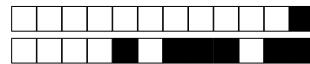


Nom :

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| | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| Presentation | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| $\varphi \searrow 0$ et continue | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| $u_n(x) = \varphi(n) - \varphi(n+x)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 1)a) $\sum_{n=1}^N u_n(p) = \varphi(1) + \dots + \varphi(p) - (\varphi(N+1) + \dots + \varphi(N+p))$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 1)b) CV et somme $\varphi(1) + \dots + \varphi(p)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 2)a) $x \mapsto u_n(x)$ croît | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| $\ u_n\ _{\infty, [0,p]} = u_n(p) = \varphi(n) - \varphi(n+p)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 2)b) $\sum_{n \geq 1} u_n$ converge normalement sur $[0,p]$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 2)c) sa somme U est continue sur tout segment de \mathbb{R}_+ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 2)d) $U(x+1) - U(x) = \varphi(x+1)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 3) $f_0 = \lambda - \varphi + U$ croît sur \mathbb{R}_+^* | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| et $f_0(1) = \lambda$ par 1)b) | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| et $f_0(x+1) - f_0(x) = \varphi(x)$ par 2)d) | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 4)a) $g = f - f_0$ est 1-périodique | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 4)b) $f(p) = \varphi(p-1) + \dots + \varphi(1) + \lambda$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| idem pour $f_0(p)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 4)c) $g(x) = f(x+p) - f_0(x+p)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| $\leq f(1+p) - f_0(p)$ (si $0 < x \leq 1$) | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| $= f(1+p) - f(p) = \varphi(p)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| et $\geq f(p) - f_0(1+p) = -\varphi(p)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| 4)d) g est nulle sur $]0, 1]$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |
| ψ est \mathcal{C}^1 et $\pi' \searrow !$ | <input type="checkbox"/> 0 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 |

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|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| g_μ unique solution croissante de $S(\mu, \psi')$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 5) $\delta : x \mapsto \psi(x+1) - \int_x^{x+1} U$ est C^1 . | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| $\delta'(x) = \psi'(x+1) - U(x+1) + U(x) = 0$ donc $\delta = cte.$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 6)a) G_μ primitive de $g_\mu u$ tq $G_\mu(1) = \lambda$ existe et $G_\mu(x) = \lambda + \int_1^x g_\mu$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 6)b) $G_\mu(x+1) - G_\mu(x) = \mu + \psi(x) - \delta(x)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| $\mu_0 = \delta(x) = \delta(0) = \psi(1) - \int_0^1 U$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 7)a) G_{μ_0} est C^1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| à dérivée g_{μ_0} croissante | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| et vérifie $S(\lambda, \psi)$ par définition | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| et c'est la seule telle fonction | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 7)b) $f_1(x) = \lambda + \int_1^x g_{\mu_0}$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| $= \lambda + x(\psi(1) - \int_0^1 U) - \psi(x) + \int_0^x U$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 8)a) $\int_0^x U = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (x\psi'(n) - \psi(n+x) + \psi(n))$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| par la CVN sur tout segment établie en 2)b) | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 8)b) $f'_1(x) = \psi(1) - \psi'(x) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\psi(n+1) - \psi(n) - \psi'(n+x))$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| et $f_1(x) = \lambda + x\psi(1) - \psi(x) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\psi(n) - \psi(n+x) + x(\psi(n+1) - \psi(n)))$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9) CV de la série $\sum \frac{1}{n} - \ln(1 + \frac{1}{n})$ car $O(1/n^2)$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 10) Γ vérifie... si $\ln \circ \Gamma$ vérifie... 012 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| unicité 7.a avec $\lambda = 0$ et $\psi(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| existence | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 11) $\ln(\Gamma(x)) = -\ln x - \gamma x - \sum_1^{\infty} \ln[(1+x/n)e^{-x/n}]$ 0123 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| $\frac{1}{\Gamma(x)} = xe^{\gamma x} \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \prod_{n=1}^N (1 + \frac{x}{n}) e^{-x/n}$ 0123 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| $\Gamma(x) = \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{N^x}{N!} \prod_{n=0}^N (x+n)$ 0123 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| car $(N+1)^x \sim N^x$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 12.a) $(\ln \circ \Gamma)'(x) = -\frac{1}{x} - \gamma + x \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+x)}$ | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |



car $(\sum \ln(n+x) - \ln(x) - \frac{x}{n})' = -\frac{x}{n(n+x)}$ 0 1

et $\sum -\frac{x}{n(n+x)}$ CN sur $[0, a]$ 0 1

12.b) $(\ln \circ \Gamma)''(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+x)^2}$ 0 1

car $(\sum \ln(n+x) - \ln(x) - \frac{x}{n})'' = \frac{1}{(n+x)^2}$ 0 1

et $\sum \frac{1}{(n+x)^2}$ CN sur \mathbb{R}_+ 0 1

13.a) $\left(\int_a^b h_1(x, t) dt\right)^2 \leq \left(\int_a^b h_0(x, t) dt\right) \left(\int_a^b h_2(x, t) dt\right)$ 0 1

idee Cauchy-Schwarz 0 1

$h_1(x, t) = (\ln t)t^{x-1}e^{-t}$ 0 1

$h_2(x, t) = (\ln t)^2 t^{x-1} e^{-t}$ 0 1

bonne gestion du signe de $\ln t$ 0 1

passage à la limite quand $a \rightarrow 0$ et $b \rightarrow \infty$ 0 1

$\left(\frac{H'}{H}\right)' = \frac{H''H - (H')^2}{H^2}$ 0 1

Donc $\frac{H'}{H}$ croissante 0 1

13.b) $H(1) = 1$ 0 1

$H(x+1) = xH(x)$ par IPP 0 1

donc $H = \Gamma$ 0 1

13.c) idee de poser $Z : x \mapsto \frac{2^{x-1} H(x/2) H((x+1)/2)}{H(x)}$ 0 1

$Z(1) = 1$ 0 1

$Z(x+1) = xZ(x)$ 0 1

Z'/Z croissante 0 1

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